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Title: **"Changing forms of antisemitism"**

Panel: Sociology and Social Sciences

Anti-Semitism has changed a lot during the last fifty years: negationism and "shoah business", or new critical images of Israel (1982 in Lebanon for instance) exerted an influence on the classical forms of the phenomenon, at the extreme right and sometimes on the left. The changes in the social structure of some countries, in Europe, and the rise of radical islam in the middle east and elsewhere with the transformations of the migrants, but also the importance of social networks and their culture of interactive immediate and free exchanges exert also a strong influence, among other milieux than those where anti-semitism used to be strong. The crisis of political systems and of classical elites, opens the way to "complotism" and "post-truth", where jews appear frequently as guilty of the problems and difficulties of the people. How can we fight these new tendencies?